

## [VOL. XIV.]

BLANK DEEDS.



## LAW OF KENTUCKY.

An ACT for settling and improving the vacant lands of this commonwealth.

Approved December 20, 1800.

WHEREAS it is represented to this assembly, that there is still in this state large quantities of vacant land which by being occupied by the citizens thereof, whose interest it may be to hold it, or by any citizens of the United States or foreigners, who being thereby encouraged to reside thereon, will greatly add to the population, wealth and consequence of this state.

Sec. 1. *Be it enacted by the general assembly of this commonwealth, that it shall be lawful for any free person of the description aforesaid, above the age of eighteen years, to improve, occupy and hold of the vacant lands aforesaid, four hundred acres: provided that he or she actually settles and resides thereon: provided that no person who now holds any land obtained by certificate under any act of the assembly of this state, for encouraging and granting relief to settlers south of Green river, shall be authorized to appropriate, under this act, more than two hundred acres, in addition to the quantity he may have acquired under the laws aforesaid.*

Sec. 2. *Be it further enacted, that where any person shall hereafter settle himself on any vacant land, as aforesaid, he shall, within three months after such settlement, apply to the court of the county in which such settlement is made, and upon proving to them that he has actually made such settlement, be entitled to a certificate for the quantity of land to which he may be entitled to, under this act, including such settlement in which said certificate shall be contained, a special location, describing as accurately as may be the land contemplated to be included in said certificate, a duplicate of which said certificate shall be made out by the clerk, and delivered to the claimant: who shall pay to the said clerk one shilling therefor.*

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted, that the person obtaining such certificate, shall within twelve months after the date thereof, upon producing the same to the register of the land office, and paying to the treasurer at the rate of twenty dollars per hundred acres, shall be entitled to a warrant for the same, in which warrant shall be contained the location as specified in the certificate, for which warrant the proprietor shall pay to the register twenty five cents.*

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted, that the said warrant shall be located within six months after the date thereof, with the surveyor of the county in which the lands may lie in the words of the certificate, and shall cause the same to be surveyed within twelve months thereafter, for which a patent shall issue upon paying the usual fees, as in other cases.*

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted, that no location or survey which shall be made in virtue of this act, shall in its length exceed its breadth more than one third, unless interrupted by prior claims only.*

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted, that in all contests by settlers under this act, those who first did actually and bona fide settle and reside on said lands, shall have the preference. And all persons who may have actually settled themselves as aforesaid, prior to the passage of this act, shall be entitled to the provisions thereof, and shall on or before the first day of August next obtain their certificates from the county courts as aforesaid.*

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted, that every person obtaining a certificate under this act, shall before he obtains a patent therefor, actually and bona fide settle and reside thereon two years, during which time no assignment or transfer shall be lawful.*

Sec. 8. *And be it further enacted, that if any person who now has or shall hereafter settle on any vacant lands, as aforesaid, and shall not obtain from the county court his certificate: or when obtained shall not obtain from the register his warrant therefor within twelve months as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any other person immediately to procure a certificate for the said land, and having paid the amount of the money due, to obtain a warrant therefor, survey the same and carry it into grant.*

Nothing in this act shall be construed as to authorize any person or persons to locate any salt lick or spring, or any mine of mineral or ore, with one thousand acres of land, around the same, including the said lick or spring in the centre of a square to be bounded by lines running to the cardinal points.

Lexington, December 29.

John Turner, who was confined in the jail and penitentiary house, under a charge of horse-stealing, and escaped, but voluntarily returned to confinement, has again eloped. It is however confidently believed by some, that he will again return.

Two prisoners who were confined in the Franklin district jail, to await trial—one a white man, on a charge of murder—the other a man of color, confined for theft, have also escaped.

From a Correspondent.

## OBITUARY.

### MEMENTO MORI.

Died lately, at Frankfort, from great Constitutional weakness, the political infant, commonly called, the "lawyer's bill." The tragical history of this unfortunate child, is sufficient to draw the tear of sympathy from every human eye.—When it came into the world, its countenance was so evidently stamped with the superannuated features of its true parent, as well as with every symptom of intellectual debility, which it derived from the midwife, a very near relation, who took care of its introduction into life, that it was very generally conceived to have been born a natural fool.—Relations, however, do not view their near connections in this light. The infant was supposed to have merit; and with this partiality on the part of the Granny, to whose special care it devolved, it was introduced to the world, for support and protection, and notwithstanding its many defects, found some friends.—This humanity, however, was in a great measure owing to the evident inability of the midwife, to support it.—After occasioning infinite trouble and expense to its friends, it was secured, for a short time, from the jaws of death by the unremitted care, bestowed on its health. It obtained some vigour; so that hopes being entertained of its recovery, from its natural malady, it was put out for further improvement, among strangers.—The seeds of decay, however, were not entirely eradicated.—A relapse took place.—It was sent home to its friends and relation, the Midwife, with such dismal symptoms of approaching dissolution, that it was abandoned to its unhappy fate.—Its friends no longer acknowledged it.—The old Lady started as if at a "Goblin damned!" and the unhappy infant sunk to the grave, beneath the pious lamentations of its broken hearted relations.—

It is said that so great has been the trouble in maintaining the existence of this unfortunate child, together with the grief experienced on the part of the benevolent old Granny, that the is about to decline the profession forever.—Notwithstanding its decrepitude, it was so highly valued by its dotting parents, that it has cost the fee between 4 and 500 dollars, to prolong an existence, which nature seemed to deny it.

## BY YESTERDAY'S MAIL.

### Congress of the United States.

#### President's Reply to the Answer of the House of Representatives.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Representatives:

Compelled by the habits of a long life as well as by all the principles of society and government, which I could ever understand and believe, to consider the great body of the people as the source of all legitimate authority, no less than of all efficient powers, it is impossible for me to receive this address from the immediate representatives of the American people, at this time, and in this place, without emotions which it would be improper to express, if any language could convey them.

May the spirit which animated the great founder of this city, defend to future generations, and may the wisdom, magnanimity and steadiness, which marked the events of his public life, be limited in all succeeding ages.

I thank you gentlemen, for your assurance, that the judiciary system shall receive your deliberate attention.

With you, gentlemen, I sincerely hope, that the final result of the negotiations now pending with France, may prove as fortunate for our country, as they have been commenced with sincerity, and prosecuted with deliberation and caution. With you, I cordially agree, that so long as a predatory war is carried on against our commerce, we should sacrifice the interests, and disappoint the expectations of our constituents, should we for a

moment, relax that system of maritime defence, which has resulted in such beneficial effects. With you, I confidently believe, that few persons are to be found within the United States, who do not admit, that a navy well organized, must constitute the natural and efficient defence of this country, against all foreign hostility.

Those who recollect the distresses and danger to this country, in former periods, from the want of arms, must exult in the assurance, from their representatives, that we shall soon rival foreign countries, not only in the number, but in the quality of the arms completed from our own manufactories.

With you, gentlemen, I fully agree, that the great increase of revenue, is a proof that the measures of maritime defence were founded in wisdom. This policy has raised us in the esteem of foreign nations. That national spirit, and those latent energies, which had not been, and are not yet fully known to any, were not entirely forgotten by those, who had lived long enough to see in former times, their operation, and some of their effects; our fellow citizens were undoubtedly prepared to meet every event, which national honor, or national security could render necessary. There it is to be hoped, are secured at the cheapest and easiest rate. If not, they will be secured at more expense.

I thank you gentlemen, for your assurance, that the various subjects recommended to your consideration, shall receive your deliberate attention. No farther evidence is wanting to convince me of the zeal and sincerity with which the house of representatives regard the public good.

I pray you, gentlemen, to accept of my best wishes for your health and happiness.

JOHN ADAMS.

Washington, Nov. 27, 1800.

## ANSWER

### Of the Senate to the President's speech.

TO JOHN ADAMS,

President of the United States.

SIR, Impressed with the important truth, that the hearts of rulers and people are in the hand of the Almighty, the Senate of the United States most cordially join in your invocations for appropriate blessings upon the government and people of this Union.

We meet you, Sir, and the other branch of the national legislature, in the city, which is honored by the name of our late hero and sage, the illustrious Washington, with sensations and emotions, which exceed our power of description.

While we congratulate ourselves on the convention of the legislature at the permanent seat of government; and ardently hope that permanence and stability may be communicated as well to the government itself, as to its seat; our minds are irresistibly led to deplore the death of him who bore so honorable and efficient a part in the establishment of both. Great indeed would have been our gratification, if this sum of earthly happiness, had been completed, by seeing the government thus peacefully convened at this place; but we derive consolation from a belief that a moment in which we are destined to experience the loss we deplore, was fixed by that being whose councils cannot err; and from a hope, that since in this seat of government which bears his name, his earthly remains will be deposited, the members of Congress, and all who inhabit the city, with these memories before them will retain his virtues in lively recollection, and make his patriotism, morals and piety, models for imitation.—And permit us to add, Sir, that it is not among the least of our consolations that you, who have been his companion and friend, from the dawning of our national existence, and trained in the same school of exertion to effect our independence, are still preserved, by a gracious Providence, in health and activity, to exercise the functions of chief magistrate.

The question whether the local power over the district of Columbia, vested by the Constitution in the Congress of the United States, shall be immediately exercised, is of great importance, and in deliberating upon it, we shall naturally be led to weigh the attending circumstances and every probable consequence of the measures which may be prepared. The several subjects for legislative consideration, contained in your speech to both Houses of Congress, shall receive from the Senate all the attention which they can give, when contemplating those objects both in respect to their national importance, and the additional weight thence given them by your recommendation. We deprecate with you, Sir, all spirit of innovation from whatever quarter it may arise, which may impair the sacred bond that cements the different parts of

this empire; and we trust, that under the protection of Divine Providence, the wisdom and virtue of the citizens of the United States will deliver our national compact unimpaired to a grateful posterity.

From past experience, it is impossible for the Senate of the United States to doubt of your zealous co-operation with the legislature in every effort to promote the general happiness and tranquility of the Union.

Accept, Sir, our warmest wishes for your health and happiness.

## THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

Mr. President, and

Gentlemen of the Senate,

For this excellent address for respectful to the memory of my illustrious predecessor, which I receive from the Senate of the United States at this time, and in this place, with peculiar satisfaction, I pray you to accept my unfeigned acknowledgements. With you I ardently hope, that permanence and stability will be communicated as well to the government itself, as to its beautiful and commodious seat. With you I deplore the death of that hero and sage who bore so honorable & efficient part in the establishment of both. Great indeed would have been my gratification, if his scene of earthly happiness had been completed by seeing the government thus peacefully convened at this place, himself at its head. But while we submit to the decisions of heaven, whose councils are inscrutable to us, we cannot but hope, that the members of congress, the officers of government, and all who inhabit the city, or the country, will retain his virtues in lively recollections, and make his patriotism, morals and piety, models for imitation.

I thank you, gentlemen, for your assurance that the several subjects of legislative consideration, recommended in my communication to both houses, shall receive from the Senate a deliberate and candid attention.

With you, gentlemen, I sincerely deprecate all spirit of innovation, which may weaken the sacred bonds that connect the different parts of this nation and government, and with you I trust, that under the protection of Divine Providence, the wisdom and virtue of our citizens will deliver our national compact unimpaired to a free, prosperous happy and grateful posterity. To this end it is my fervent prayer, that in this city the fountains of wisdom may be always open, and the streams of eloquence for ever flow. Here may the youth of this extensive country for ever look up without disappointment, not only to the monuments and memorials of the dead, but to the examples of the living, in the members of congress, and officers of government, for finished models of virtues, graces, talents, and accomplishments, which constitute the dignity of human nature, and lay the only foundation for the prosperity or duration of empires.

JOHN ADAMS.

City of Washington,

Nov. 26 1800.

BALTIMORE, December 2.

## SUCIDE.

On Monday evening, the 10th inst. a young man 18 years of age, by the name of James Burt, living with Lieut. Noah B. Kimball, of Grafton, shot himself, as originated from the shaking quakers at Shiloh. He left them about 13 months ago. On a recent visit to his parents, he met with unkind reception. This unnatural treatment is the only reason that can be assigned for his premature death. He was not permitted to see his mother, and was treated with great coolness by his father. Such is the absurdity of these fanatics that they renounce parental affection, and act contrary to the dictates of reason and religion.

[Bolton Pap.]

ALEXANDRIA, November 29.

The British Minister Mr. Lillon, has obtained from his court leave of absence from this country for two years. He has set off for Norfolk where he is to take shipping in the frigate Andromache, for the West Indies. He is to be succeeded by Mr. Merry, the present Charge des Affaires for the British government in Sweden.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 4.

## OUR ENVOYS.

Leave, October 8.

"The Envoys of the American Government, whole object it is to perfect the work of reconciliation desired by all the civil and military authorities eager to render their homage to an allied nation, acknowledged since the year 1778, as the most sincere friends of the French nation. A guard of honor, of 50 men, has been



sent to them; for which they returned thanks according to custom. They would already have set sail if contrary winds had not retarded the departure of the American Frigate Portsmouth. The calm will keep them here eight days."

The Rhode-Island papers, received by this day's mail, give the complete return for electors, by which it appears, that the federal ticket has carried by a majority of 254.

**ELIZABETH-TOWN, Dec. 4.**  
We have seen a letter of a late date, from a gentleman in London, possessed of the most correct information, who says, that in his opinion, the prospect of accommodation between this country and England, in relation to the 6th article of the British treaty, is at an end, and that he fears the difference between the contracting parties will not be soon terminated. (Wash. Pap.)

**LANCASTER, December 3.**  
Statement of votes for President & Vice President.

	Adams.	J. Jeff.	Pinck.	Burr.	Scott.
New Hampshire,	6	0	4	0	2
Massachusetts,	16	0	10	0	6
Connecticut,	9	0	9	0	0
Vermont,	4	0	2	0	2
Rhode-Island,	4	0	4	0	0
New-York,	0	12	0	12	0
New-Jersey,	7	0	7	0	0
Pennsylvania,	7	8	7	8	0
Delaware,	3	0	3	0	0
Maryland,	5	5	5	5	0
Virginia,	0	21	0	21	0
North Carolina,	4	8	4	8	0
South Carolina,	0	8	0	8	0
Georgia,	0	4	0	4	0
Kentucky,	0	4	0	4	0
Tennessee,	0	3	0	3	0
	65	73	63	65	10

The preceding calculation is made upon authoritative information. The republicans have, beyond all doubt, succeeded in procuring a respectable majority in favor of Mr. Jefferson. The projects of the British party, adherents of Alexander Hamilton, was well known to Mr. Adams, previous to his leaving Brainerd; and he counted upon losing every vote in South-Carolina, through their intrigues—but, to parry this stroke, he engaged his friends in New-England, before he left home, to drop Mr. Pinckney, 10 votes, viz. 2 in New-Hampshire, 6 in Massachusetts, and two in Vermont. This circumstance has been long known; but the secret has been preserved, in order to prevent British seduction. The election being over, we now come forward, and show the facts to be as stated, upon the authority of the most confidential friend in Mr. Adams' own family. It was communicated in these words:

"My [—] was determined that he would not be thrown out by a Pinckney. But aware of the deception which was to take place in South-Carolina, he had engaged his friends in New-England, to drop C. C. Pinckney, by at least 10 votes, securing to himself a majority of 2, in any event."

Mr. Adams and Mr. Burr, will be candidates for the Vice-Presidency; and as they have each an equal number of votes, the senate of the United States is to choose one of them, by ballot, to be the Vice-President.

Thus, Alexander Hamilton, and his Anglo-Federal tool, C. C. Pinckney, are completely defeated, by a Federal counter project, in which all American Federalists, as well as the pure Democrats, have occasion to rejoice.

**J. H. DAVIS,**  
ATTORNEY.

**HAS** fixed his permanent residence in Frankfort. His clients may always meet him there, except during the terms of the Lexington, Danville and Bedford District courts, which he will continue to attend. Letters on business sent by the mail (postage paid) will be punctually attended to.

Frankfort, Dec. 1800.

**JUST OPENING,**  
AND FOR SALE IN LEXINGTON,  
A General Assortment of  
**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD  
WARE, & QUEENS WARE.**  
Which will be sold low for CASH or  
WHEAT delivered at the subscribers  
Mill, no credit need be asked.  
**GEORGE TEGARDEN.**  
Dec. 29th 1800.

**A LOG CHAIN—FOUND.**  
The owner may hear of it by applying to the printer hereof.

A variety of  
Coatings, Swindsons, Cordage, Quil-  
lings, Malting, Hard Ware,  
and other

**EUROPEAN GOODS**  
Just imported, will be sold by public ven-  
ue, at the next court in Lexington, (on  
the second Monday in January 1801), in  
quantities suited for private use.

N. B. Any one may be previously sup-  
plied now for cash,—at the brick house,  
in high street, Lexington, lately the res-  
idence of Mr. MACBETH. †2w

**A BAY HORSE**  
TWO years old last spring, well  
grown, a large far in his forehead,  
has been rode, no brand perceivable, is  
now at Green Clay's ferry on the Ken-  
tucky river, the owner may get him by  
applying at that place.

**GEORGE KERR.**  
Dec. 27th 1800. †1w

**TAKE NOTICE.**  
I HEREBY forewarn all persons from  
taking an assignment on a bond given  
by me, David Hanna, of Woodford coun-  
ty, unto Josiah East, of Lincoln county,  
as I am determined not to pay until com-  
pelled by law as he has failed to comply  
with his contract. †3w

**ELECTION.**

**A POLL** will be opened at the court-  
house, the first Saturday in January;  
next, at two o'clock P. M. for the elec-  
tion of seven trustees for the ensuing year.

By order of the board,  
**R. PATTERSON, Chm.**  
Lexington, Dec. 20, 1800. †2

**LANDS FOR SALE.**

I am authorized to sell two tracts of  
**LAND**  
IN Madison county conveyed by Saml.  
Elliott to Elie Williams. One tract  
contains 250 acres lying on the fourth  
side of and adjoining the Kentucky river op-  
posite the Copers lick.—The other tract  
also contains 250 acres, granted as afore-  
said; this tract lies about half a mile be-  
low the former, they were located and  
surveyed, at an early period by Joseph  
Lang, and regularly conveyed by him to  
Elliott. They are above Boonborough,  
and are said to be of a good quality and  
well situated; one of the tracts has a  
tenant at present.

I will also sell 1557 acres of **LAND**  
on Big Reedy, patented to Jacob Ambrose  
of Bairdwood, in two grants; and 2000  
acres on Beaver Creek a branch of the  
main fork of Licking in Bourbon county.  
Any person inclining to purchase ei-  
ther of the above tracts of **LAND**, may  
know the terms by applying to the sub-  
scriber in Lexington.

**C. Beatty.**  
Dec. 25th 1800. †

**RAN AWAY**

**FROM** the subscriber, two apprentice  
boys, viz. John Hart, about nine teen  
years of age, pale complexion, chunky  
made, and not well grown. Also Ben-  
jamin Hart, his brother. Whoever will  
take them up, and secure them, so that  
the subscriber gets them again, shall have  
a reward of fifty cents for John, and one  
hundred and twenty-five cents for Benja-  
min. All persons are hereby cautioned  
not harbour them as they may expect to  
answer the same at the rigor of the law.  
2w† **JOHN FOX, fen.**  
Madison County, December 24, 1800.

**JUST PUBLISHED,**  
and for sale at this office, by the gro-  
cers, dozen or single.

**THE KENTUCKY  
POCKET ALMANAC,**  
For the Year 1801.

Printed on Fine Writing Paper.  
Containing (besides the Astronomical  
calculations common to Almanacs.)  
The remarkable occurrences during  
the American Revolution. A list of  
Officers of the General Government,  
with salaries annexed: A list of the  
Members of the Senate and House of  
Representatives of the United States:  
A list of the Officers of the Govern-  
ment of Kentucky; The times when  
the different Courts are held in Ken-  
tucky, and the appropriations for the  
support of the civil list of the Gen-  
eral Government for the Year 1800.

WHERE ALSO MAY BE HAD  
**THE KENTUCKY  
FAMILY ALMANAC.**

Which with the above, are the only Al-  
manacs offered for sale in this state, in  
which the Astronomical calculations  
are made for the Meridian and Lat-  
tude of Kentucky. In all others, the  
Eclipses the rising and setting of the  
Sun, the fulls changes and quarters of  
the Moon and the Moons place in the  
signs, &c differ materially from truth.

**STRAYED**  
FROM MY LOT IN LEXINGTON,  
**THREE COWS.**

THE one white, with a few black  
marks about her head and fore legs  
—another black, with a few white marks  
—and a third red, with a little white.  
The white Cow, formerly belonged to  
Maj. Thomas Hall, who lived where Wal-  
ker Baylor now lives, and the black and  
white Cow I got of Richard Tomlin,  
near the same place. It is probable the  
red and black Cows, may have calved  
since they strayed. If any person takes  
up these Cows, and will give me in-  
formation of it, I will pay all costs and  
charges.

**James Hughes.**  
Lexington, Dec. 15th, 1800.

**LAND FOR SALE.**  
I AM authorized by gentlemen of re-  
spectability in Philadelphia, to sell a-  
bout one hundred and eighty thousand  
acres of

**LAND**,  
in different parts of this state,—some of it  
**MILITARY LANDS** south of Green  
river.—The payments will be made easy.  
I will take a small part in CASH, the  
balance in HORSES, FLOUR, HEMP  
or TOBACCO; or allow a credit for  
three fourths of the purchase money, pay-  
able in one, two and three years.—A de-  
scription of the **LAND**, and particulars  
of the terms may be had by applying to  
me in Lexington.

December 20th, 1800. **Thos. Bodley.**

**Lexington Library Company.**

**AT** a meeting of the Lexington Li-  
brary Committee, December 13th,  
1800, it was

Resolved, that notice be given to the  
Shscribers, by Public Advertisement, that  
agreeable to an act passed during the pre-  
sent session of Assembly, entitled "An  
act to incorporate the Share-Holders and  
Directors of the Lexington, Georgetown,  
and Danville Libraries", a meeting will  
be held at the house of John M'Nair, in  
the town of Lexington, on the first Sa-  
turday in January 1801, for the purpose  
of electing Five Directors for the ensu-  
ing year, and to do such other acts as  
may be deemed necessary and agreeable  
to law.—And that as the presence of a  
particular number is necessary, before  
they can proceed to business, *Resolved*  
further, that they be requested to be  
punctual in their attendance.

By order,  
**THO. T. BARR, Clk.**

Members are requested to attend  
at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, precisely.

**FOR SALE,**  
A SEMINARY LOT, No. 10,  
SIX miles from Lexington, on the  
Hickman road;

CONTAINING  
**SEVENTY ACRES OF FIRST RATE  
LAND;**

well watered and timbered; thirty two  
cleared, two of which are in meadow;  
about sixty bearing peach trees; a good  
dwelling house and kitchen, with stone  
chimneys; also a good barn and stable.  
I will take one good Negro in part pay-  
ment, and the balance in Good Liquor—  
apply to

**JOHN CROSS,**  
Lexington.  
December 16th, 1800. †3

**A Favorable Opportunity**  
is again offered those indebted to JOHN  
JORDAN Jun. to discharge their respec-  
tive balances, as

Hemp, 4 Flour, or  
Wheat, 4 Tobacco,

Will be taken in payment.—This method  
is preferred to the disagreeable alterna-  
tive of bringing suits, and will be a means  
of saving those that are delinquent, much  
expense. This therefore expedient that  
they will avail themselves of this oppor-  
tunity, no longer postpone the payment  
of their just debts.

**John Jordan jun.**

**AN ELEGANT**  
Additional assortment of  
**MERCHANDISE,**  
Just received by  
**John Jordan jun. & Co.**  
Lexington, 8th Dec. 1800.

**TAKEN** up by the subscriber, living  
on Hinkton, two miles from Millers-  
burgh, a black horse, three years old,  
fourteen hands high, branded on the near  
shoulder thus I, the near fore foot and  
the off hind foot white, marked with the  
fistula, appraised to 8l.

**CLEMENT ROSS.**  
October 16th, 1800. †

**THE SUBSCRIBERS**  
**HAVE** the satisfaction of informing  
their customers and others, that in  
consequence of an arrangement made  
by JOHN JORDAN Jun. they will be en-  
abled to purchase the following articles  
of produce this season, viz.  
**HEMP, WHEAT, FLOUR,**  
**AND TOBACCO,**

For which they will give such prices as  
their present engagements and prospect  
will justify, which they hope will be found  
as liberal as any.

But as they have undertaken this busi-  
ness, with prospects indeed, too trifling  
even to compensate them for their ser-  
vices, they hope at least, to meet with but-  
ter encouragement than what has heretofore  
been allotted by the Planters and  
Farmers of this state, to those who ex-  
ported their Produce, and that a proper  
division will be made in favor of them,  
who, at all times have exerted themselves  
to embrace every opportunity of serving  
the Planters, &c.

It is with the utmost reluctance they  
take notice of an incontrovertible truth,  
that so far from meeting the encourage-  
ment due from their exertions, they have hi-  
therto had the mortification to find that  
a preference was at all times given (unless  
when payment was made in produce) to  
others, who sold for cash only—in conse-  
quence of which, they had determined to  
pursue the same system of Commerce that  
is now so loudly complained of by the Ci-  
tizens at large, so long at least, until their  
competitors should either be obliged to  
undergo the same risk and trouble, or the  
Farmer and Planter take a more extensive  
view of his real interest—but being anx-  
ious to avoid their proportion of general  
censure, and to make their occupation as  
useful as possible, they have once more  
receded from their resolution, determin-  
ed to purchase the productions of the  
soil, and trust to the liberality of the  
Farmer and Planter, to obviate those  
complaints in future.

The conditions on which they intend  
to take produce, are, the Cash Prices of  
the several articles.—In return, they will  
continue to sell their goods at their usual  
low prices, for Cash or Produce. Those  
who may have more Produce than would  
be convenient for them to take in Goods,  
shall receive Cash, by allowing a reason-  
able credit, but no payments will be made  
either in Goods or Cash, until the deliv-  
ery of the articles, and it is further ex-  
pected that none will solicit an advance,  
as it is impossible for them (in conse-  
quence of the numerous disappointments  
heretofore experienced) either to discrimi-  
nate, or to deviate from this rule.

**JOHN A. SEITZ.**

**JOHN JORDAN Jun. & Co.**  
N. B. By the above arrangements there  
can be no cause for suspending of sell-  
ing higher, and consequently we flatter  
ourselves with a continuance of the custom  
of those who shall wish to purchase for  
Cash.

**GOOD NEWS.**

I AM a neat Taylor, my charges are  
low,  
Which I am desirous the public should  
know;  
A neat suit of clothes, for Three Dollars,  
I make,  
When the clothes are deliver'd, the money I take;  
To every one punctual, who doth me em-  
ploy,  
Of those who have tried me, not one will  
deny—  
On Main Street, in Lexington, now I  
abide,  
Next door to Brent's Tavern, and on the  
same side.

**LLOYD HOLMES.**  
Dec. 22d, 1800. †



**FRESH MEDICINE.**

Just arrived from Philadelphia, at our  
shop, near the Stray-Pen, Lexington, and  
to be sold for CASH, Fine Linen, or  
Flax-Seed.

**ANDW. M'CALLA & Co.**  
29th November. †

**TAKEN** up by the subscriber living  
on Lions run, one brown colored filly,  
about thirteen hands and a half high,  
neither docked nor branded, has a star in  
his forehead; appraised to 6l.

ALSO one forel yearling horse colt,  
about thirteen hands high, neither docked  
nor branded, has a star in his forehead;  
appraised to 6 dollars.

**Wm. DEVENPORT.**  
Mercer County, 5th Dec. 1800. †



# SACRED TO THE MUSES.

## ODE.

To Popularity.  
O, Popularity, thou giddy thing,  
What grace, or profit dost thou bring?  
Thou art not honestly, thou art not tame;  
I cannot call thee by a worthy name;  
To lay I hate thee, were not true,  
Contentment is properly thy due,  
I cannot love thee, and despise thee too.

Thou art no patriot, but the veriest cheat,  
That ever traffic'd in deceit.  
In flate empiric, bellowing loud  
Freedom and phrenzy to the mobbing  
crowd;  
And what can it them, if thou canst raise  
Illuminations and buzzes,  
Thou' half the country sunk in one bright  
blaze?

A patriot; no, for thou dost hold in hate  
The very peace and welfare of the State;  
When anarchy assaults the Sovereign's  
throne,  
Then is the day, the night thy own,  
Then is thy triumph, when the foe  
Levels from dark midinous blow,  
Or strong rebellion lays the country low.

Thou canst affect humility to hide  
Some deep device of monstrous pride  
Confidence and charity pretend  
For compassing some private end  
And in a canting conventicle note  
Long scripture passages can quote  
When persecution rattle in thy throat,

Thou hast no fence of nature at thy heart  
No ear for science and no eye for art,  
Yet confidently dost decide at once  
This man a wit, and that a dunce;  
And, strange to tell, how e'er unjust,  
We takes thy dictates upon trust,  
For, if the world will be deceived, it must.

In truth and justice thou hast no delight;  
Virtue thou dost not know by sight;  
But as the chimbley his spirit can distil,  
From drops and dregs a spirit can distil,  
So lies, blasphemy, cheats and Jews,  
Shall turn to heroes, if they ferv'd thy  
views.

Thou dost but make a ladder of the mob  
Whereby to climb into some courtly job  
There, safe reposing, warm and snug,  
Thou answerest, with a patient frown—  
Miscreants, begone, who cares for you,  
Ye bafe born, bawling, clamorous crew;  
You've serv'd my turn, and, vagabonds  
adieu.

## ANECDOTE.

An honest school master near London,  
having a wife whom he loved very affectionately,  
was so unfortunate as to perceive  
that the conceived a *tendie* for a  
smart young fellow whom he engaged as  
usher. The poor man was rendered so  
miserable, by the perfidy and ingratitude  
of his rib, that he determined to destroy  
himself.—This resolution, after some pre-  
latory reproaches, he communicated to  
his wife, declaring that he would that  
moment took himself up with his neck-  
cloth. To this the afflicted lady replied,  
"Alas! my dear, consider that neckcloth  
is very old, and can never fulfill your  
weight. Do stop a moment my love till I  
reach you your new cravat?"

## LANDS TO SELL.

*At a Reasonable Price, viz.*  
1836 2 3 acres, in Montgomery county, bound-  
ed on the south by Red river, on the north by Beaver  
creek, and a branch of Sike, the tract includes the  
whole Indian creek and its branches which afford  
many fates for mill, it is well timbered and watered  
with a great number of useful finding (sings) be-  
sides Indian roots, its soil is very fertile its fur cul-  
tivation and broken, it is intermixed with fine lots  
tract, with a little trouble and a small expense val-  
uable profits out of cultivation may be got in some  
part of the tract. The title indisputable.  
1164 1 2 acres, on the north side of the North  
fork of Kentucky river about 8 miles above the  
mouth, running up the river with the meanders there-  
of 1100 poles from the river and opposite 18  
miles pretty level and rich. The title indisputable.  
2367 1 2 acres, on the waters of the North fork  
of Red-Castle river, Madison county  
300 acres, in Garrard county on White Oak run  
opposite the mouth of Hickman creek, the road to  
Daviess crosses the tract N. E. & S. W. about 2 3  
of miles, 1/4 of a very early entry  
418 acres, military land on the bank of Cumberland  
river joining the town of Clarksville well watered  
and timbered.  
40 town lots and out lots in the laid town of  
Clarksville.  
6000 acres, of land in several small grants referred  
by the state of Virginia, and confirmed by two acts  
of Congress, lying on the bank of the river Yorks-  
ay, near the town of the same name, territory N.  
W. of Ohio.  
200 acres, military land in the Illinois grant N. W.  
of Ohio, 918 poles from the river and opposite 18  
miles, land which they about 25 miles above Louis-  
ville, the tract is not far from a flourishing settle-  
ment in the grant.  
N. B. Negroes, Produce, Merchandise, Lotts &  
Houses in Lexington, Parson Danville will be taken  
in part a good plantation between Lexington and  
Mount Sterling, with command a profitable bargain  
for the purchaser of a considerable quantity of said  
lands. For further information apply to  
P. D. Robert,  
High street Lexington.

JUST RECEIVED,  
And for sale at this Office, the following  
BOOKS & PAMPHLETS,  
Which will be sold at the prices thereon  
annexed, viz—

BOUND BOOKS.  
*Political.*  
Julius Redivivus, 1 s. 6.  
Barrow's Letters, 1 s. 3.  
Annual Register for 1766, 1 s. 3.  
The People's Friend, 2 vol. 3 s. 6.  
The President's Message to Congress, rela-  
tive to France and Great Britain, 1 s. 2.  
Lyon's Magazine, 2 s. 5.  
The Publication of the National Char-  
acter of the English and French by Jun-  
ius Junior, 1 s. 3.  
Political Address, 3 vol. 2 s. 3.  
The Farmer's Letters, 1 s. 3.  
The Democrat, 1 s. 3.  
Deliverance of War, 1 s. 3.  
Common sense, 3 s. 7.

*Moral.*  
White's Sermons, 1 s. 7.  
Gift of Christ, 2 vol. 4 s. 7.  
Calistine Empire, 1 s. 7.  
Price's sermons, 1 s. 7.  
Harvey's Meditations, 1 s. 7.  
Walt's Miscellany, 1 s. 7.  
Death a Vision, 1 s. 7.  
William's Sacramental Meditations, 1 s. 7.  
Alpha Vindicated, 1 s. 7.  
Daniel's Rule and Progress, 1 s. 7.  
Jenks's Submission, 1 s. 7.  
Quinn's Unbelievable Riches, 1 s. 7.  
Wether's Sermons, 1 s. 7.  
Dime's Miscellany, 1 s. 7.  
Bishop's Vision, 1 s. 7.  
Jenew's Token, 1 s. 7.  
Havel's Token for Mothers, 1 s. 7.  
Baptist Confession of Faith, 1 s. 7.

*Acts & Sciences, &c.*  
Blainville's Travels, 3 vol. 10 s.  
Fenn's Arithmetic, 1 s. 2.  
Goldsmith's Animated Nature, 4 vol. 10 s.  
Practical Farmer, 3 vol. 10 s.  
Description of Tennessee, 1 s. 2.  
Fenn's Arithmetic, 1 s. 2.  
Dramatic Dialogues, 1 s. 2.

*PAMPHLETS.*  
*Political.*

The American Crisis, 7 s.  
Rights of Man for all Mankind, 5 s.  
Gallatin's Speech on the foreign Intercourse 2 s.  
Bill, 1 s.  
Path to Riches, 3 s.  
Cato's Examination of Jay's Treaty, 3 s.  
Cause for Grief for the Democrats, 3 s.  
A View of the State and Consequences of  
the present War with France, 12 s.  
A Bill for Portugal, 2 s.  
The Slave Crow, 2 s.  
Perceval's Political Center, 2 s.  
Political Character of the French and En-  
glish by Junius Junior, 3 s.  
The Budget of the People, 3 s.  
Address to Congress on Jay's Treaty, 3 s.  
Sermons to Murder's of State, by the author  
of Sermons to All's, 3 s.  
Decline and Fall of the British System of  
Finance, 3 s.  
Manual of the Theophilanthropy, 3 s.  
Monarchy no Creature of God's Making, 3 s.  
Facts addressed to the People of Great Bri-  
tain and Ireland, 3 s.  
Political Dictionary, 3 s.  
Law of N. W. 3 s.  
Maff and Accurs, 3 s.  
Ozden's Tour thro' Upper and Lower Canada,  
Debates in the Pennsylvania Legislature,  
regarding the Bank, 3 s.  
Structures on the Address of George Wash-  
ington, notifying his relinquishment of  
the office of President, 3 s.  
The Independent Detected by Timothy Tick-  
letoe, 3 s.  
Knave's Acre Affection, 3 s.  
Nirabene's Considerations of the Order of  
Cincinnati, 3 s.  
Treat of Thomas Walker and others for  
Conspiracy, 3 s.  
An account of the Belfast Review, and Ce-  
lebration of the French Revolution,  
Reflections of the Welsh Coblers,  
The Closer a Poem, 3 s.  
Carroll's defence of the British treaty,  
The conduct of the United States, to-  
wards France examined by a Pennsylv-  
anian, 3 s.  
A Letter of H. Duncombe,  
Remarks on the conduct of George Wash-  
ington, as President of the United  
States, 3 s.  
Faid-day Sermon, 3 s.  
N. W. year's Gift to Democrats,  
Proceedings of the United Irishmen,  
The Trial of Thomas Mair,  
The Commemoration of Heaven,  
Letter to the Friends of the People,  
Foster's letter to the Electors of Westminster,  
Universal Aljium, 3 s.

*Moral, &c.*  
Apostolic Union of the Church,  
Righteousness exhibited in the Salva-  
tion and Damnation of Sinners,  
Age of Reason, 18 and 24 part,  
Wheatley's Examination of Faine's Age of  
Reason,  
The Truth of the Bible by John Fowler,  
Wakefield's Letter on the Spirit of Chris-  
tianity,  
A Revealed knowledge of the Prophecies,  
Exhortation to a Religious Education of  
children by the Baptist Churches,  
An account of the London Missionary So-  
ciety,  
Family Exercises,  
Modes of Presbyterian Church Worship Vin-  
dicted,  
A Catechism for Youth,  
Ruffin's Seven Sermons,  
Sermons to the Rich and Stagnant,  
The Poise,  
Ann on Universal Salvation,  
Consecration a Poem,  
A sketch history of the dreadful distresses of  
Frederick Manheim's Family and others, 2 s.

*Miscellaneous.*  
Remarkable deliverance of George Lubans,  
Payne Adieu, on Courts Martial, 3 s.

The London Vocabulary,  
Diction's Molanus; or a choice collection of  
Terms, Tools and Sentiments,  
Interpretative of Dreams,  
St. George Tucker on the Abolition of Sla-  
very, 3 s.

Productions of the Office of the Kentuck-  
ian by Gazette.

Winchester's Dialogues, 5 s.  
A Short and Easy Method with Justice and Gold 3 s.  
A Brevet and Easy Method with the Devil, 18 s.  
A Letter from George Nicholas to his Friend,  
Conspicuous between George Nicholas,  
and G. G. Harvey, 2 s.  
Voyages and Adventures of the French  
Emigrants, 2 s.  
Remarkable Occurrences in the life of col.  
James Smith, 1 s.  
The Perfidious Wanderer, 5 s.  
Wilson's Grammar, 12 s.  
The Constitution of Kentucky, 4 s.  
Revised laws of Kentucky, 4 s.  
Printer, 6 s.

## ALEXANDER PARKER

HAS just received from Philadelphia,  
and opened at his store on Main  
street, opposite the court-house, a very  
general assortment of  
Dry Goods, 15 Queens,  
Groceries, 15 China and  
Hard Ware, 15 Glass Ware.

Which he will sell at the most reduced  
prices for CASH.

Lexington September 15th, 1800.  
N. B. In the above assortment there  
are the best French Indigo, Loaf Sugar,  
Coffee and Teas, Boulling Cloths assorted,  
Corded Dimities and Scarlet Cardinals,  
Wool Caras, and Cut Nails assorted:

## TO RENT,

THE PLACE WHEREIN I now live,  
AT the crossing of main Eagle creek, fifteen  
miles from Georgetown, on the road to Cin-  
cinnati. There is a good beaved log house, fifty  
feet long, four good beds, a place, a good log  
stable and barn, good kitchen, with a number of  
useful cabins; about thirty-six acres of cleared  
land, ten of which is meadow, two grass lots joining the  
house. The advantageous situation of the place for  
a public house & range for stock, is generally known.  
Possession can be had immediately—the terms may  
be known by applying to Mr. Warren eph. Geo-  
rgetown or to the subscriber in Frankfort.

John Hunter.

N. B. Any person renting immediately, can be  
furnished with a quantity of winter vegetables.

## INFORMATION.

THAT I HAVE COMMENCED  
TANNING,

IN Springfield, Washington County, and will buy  
or exchange Leather of any kind for Hides, or  
tan on the flatter. I will tan Hides that weigh  
55 lb. green or 25 lb. dry as full Leather, for one  
third, if I receive them this year, or the first month  
in next.

October 20th, 1800. Joseph Jeffs.  
GIVE notice to gentlemen who have been custo-  
mers to my horse BLAZE, and those who wish  
to breed from him, that I mean to move him from  
this state next spring, unless they will come forward  
and enter their mares to the amount of 150, at  
31. payable on note at Christmas in whiskey deliv-  
ered in Lexington at market price, or Flour deliv-  
ered in Frankfort at market price, or note for  
twelve dollars for the season, or seven the single  
spare, paid at Christmas 1801.—I find money very  
scarce and difficult to collect, is the reason I wish to  
move him, the indulgence I have given has caused  
me to suffer much for money.

August 28, 1800. Benj. Wharton.

## TO LEASE,

For one or more years,  
A VALUABLE FARM,

OF ninety or one hundred acres, clear-  
ed land, a good apple and peach  
orchard, meadow and pasture, a figure log  
dwelling-house, kitchen, barn, fables, &c.  
in good repair.—Situate in Mercer county,  
on Salt river, about seven miles below  
Harrodsburg.—Also A SMALL FARM  
adjoining the same, to be leased together  
or separate.—Also ONE HUNDRED  
& FIFTY ACRES OF WOOD-LAND,  
to be leased for a term of years propor-  
tionate to the improvements person  
who takes the lease may agree to make  
thereon.

JAMES MACCOUN.

Lexington, Nov. 28, 1800. if

## NOTICE.

THE co-partnership of Cornelius Beatty & Co.  
is now dissolved by mutual consent; and as  
the subscriber will be absent from this place for some  
time, he requests all persons indebted to the above  
firm to call and settle the balance of their accounts  
with C. A. Beatty, who is fully authorized to receive  
them. Those who neglect this notice, may be af-  
fected that more effectual steps will be taken to com-  
pel payment.

Lexington, July 5, 1800. C. Beatty.

## N. BURROWES

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the  
public in general that he has removed from the  
house adjoining Mr. J. Jordan, and Meffs.  
S. & G. Trotter, to the brick house opposite the court  
house and next door above Mr. A. Parker—where  
he has, in addition to his former assortment, Hard,  
Crocker and Glass Ware, also complete sets of  
China Tea Ware.  
N. B. Those indebted are requested to make im-  
mediate payment, as I shall shortly start for Phila-  
delphia.  
Lexington, 10th May, 1800.

## BLANK BOOKS,

Of any description, may be had at this  
Office on the shortest notice.

## TROTTER & SCOTT,

IN addition to their valuable stock on  
hand, have just received and now o-  
pening at their store, in the brick building  
opposite the market-house, a large and gen-  
eral assortment of well chosen

## MERCHANDIZE,

Suitable to the present and approaching  
seasons, which will certainly be sold on  
the most moderate terms for CASH IN  
HAND. Also a supply of all kinds of

Groceries, China and Glass Ware, a quan-  
tity of excellent Bar-Iron, Crowley  
and Blister Steel, Castings and  
Window Glass, Nails of ev-  
ery description, Building Cloth  
suitable for Merchant or Country  
Work, likewise Mann's Lick Salt of a  
SUPERIOR QUALITY.

They hereby return their thanks to  
their friends who have hitherto favored  
them with their custom, and flatter them-  
selves that from a proper and due atten-  
tion, to meet with a continuation of fu-  
ture favors.

Lexington, Dec. 1st, 1800.

## A GREAT BARGAIN.

FOR CASH OR PRODUCE.

IF APPLICABLES MADE, SHORTLY I WILL SELL THE  
TWO STOR

## BRICK HOUSE & LOT,

TOGETHER, with improvements  
thereon, late the property of DANL.  
GANO, situate in the town of Frankfort,  
corner of Main Street, & the street which  
leads to the State House.—The terms  
of payment can be made very easy—Ap-  
ply to Capt. WEISBERGER, or  
GEORGE W. FIELD.

## PARIS DISTRICT.

October term, 1800.

Henry Clay and George M. Bedinger,  
complainants,

against

Thomas Rowland, defendant,

IN CHANCERY.

THE defendant not having entered  
his appearance herein, agreeably to  
the act of assembly and rules of this court,  
and it appearing to the satisfaction of the  
court that he is not an inhabitant of this  
state, on the motion of the complainants by  
their counsel, it is ordered that the said  
defendant do appear here on the third day  
of the next March term, and answer the  
complainants' bill; that a copy of this  
order be published eight weeks suc-  
cessively in some one of the Kentucky Ga-  
zettes; another copy posted at the door of  
the court-house in Paris, and published at  
the front door of the Presbyterian meet-  
ing-house in Paris, some Sunday immedi-  
ately after divine service.

A Copy.

THO. ARNOLD, CLK.

## NEGROES TO HIRE.

ON the first day of January 1801, will be hired  
to the highest bidder for one year, at the plan-  
tation of John Young, deceased, on Hickman, a  
number of

## NEGROES,

consisting of  
MEN, WOMEN, BOYS, & GIRLS,  
belonging to the estate of said Young. Bond and se-  
curity will be required, and they will not be hired  
to any person out of the Counties of Fayette and  
Jeffamine.

John Glover.

December 8th, 1800

## War Department,

NOVEMBER 13, 1800.

THOSE gentlemen who have applied  
for Military appointments in the service of  
the United States, are informed that their applications  
with all the recommendatory letters accompanying  
were confirmed by file in the War Office on Sat-  
urday evening last. Those who desire to be consid-  
ered as candidates will see the propriety of renewing  
their applications

SAMUEL DEXTER,

Secretary at War.

The printers in the different files are requested  
to give this a place in their Gazettes.

## NOTICE.

WE shall attend with the Commis-  
sioners appointed by the County  
Court of Fayette, on the seventh day  
of January next, on a military survey of  
2000 Acres, surveyed for David Bell, Ju-  
ly the 10th 1775 a part of which lies in  
Jeffamine County and a part in Fayette,  
on South Elkhorn. We shall meet at  
the smith shop of John Bodley at eleven  
o'clock in the forenoon and from thence  
proceed to the Land to perpetuate tes-  
timony respecting the boundaries, &c. of  
the said survey and to do such other  
things as are necessary and agreeable to  
an act of assembly entitled, "an act to  
reduce into one the several acts to as-  
certain the boundaries of and for procession-  
ing lands."

John & James Bell,

Heirs of David Bell.

December the 11th, 1800